

Illinois Small Business **Environmental Assis**www.ildceo.net/enviro tance Program 800-252-3998

- (-) ())		 	 	😠 .	🔉 .	nts		Requirements Continuing	. 2. 6			Requiremant Requiremant Continuing Continuing Since July Reporting Reporting Monitoring					2	T (0 0 > -
										S	\preceq	Inspections	$\stackrel{\hookrightarrow}{\leftarrow}$	9	9	S	\Box	_
										9		ᆿ.	0	=:		0	\leq	_
~											9	\Box	₫.	\preceq	\simeq	8	$\frac{1}{2}$	
			رن	\approx	\simeq	2	N 3	,7	2		_	\equiv	_	Ф	C	\Box	<u></u>	
				•			•			9	\Box	=.	=	₹.	7	\simeq	\sim	
						٠,	Š	2	Ð	2	Š	e,	=:	П	q	Ō	-20	_
										S	\supset	0	⊏	=	=	<u>u</u>	$\overline{}$	_

Emission Standards for Dry Cleaning Facilities erchloroethylene

Definitions used:

°C – degrees Celsius.

ylene gas-vapor stream is routed and which adactivated carbon into which an air-perchloroeth-CA - carbon adsorber - "sniffer" - bed of sorbs the perchloroethylene on the carbon.

Contents

impregnated with a chemical that is sensitive to perchloroethylene and is designed to measure the concentration of perchloroethylene in air. (sealed prior to use), containing material Colorimetric detector tube – glass tube

are performed in the same machine. cleaning operation in which washing and drying Dry-to-dry machine one-machine dry

Other

6

before December 9, 1991. **Existing** – began construction or reconstruction

∘F – degrees Fahrenheit

Filter prefilter, polishing filter, and spin disc filter) cartridge filter, tubular filter, regenerative filter, in suspension (for example lint filter, button trap, chloroethylene is passed to remove contaminants porous device through which per-

stack or vent. Fugitive emissions – emissions that can not reasonably be collected and emitted through a

an audible or visual signal that varies as the per million by volume or greater by emitting concentrations of perchloroethylene of 25 parts portable device concentration changes. Halogenated hydrocarbon detector – capable of detecting vapor

New – began construction or reconstruction on or after December 9, 1991.

Perc – perchloroethylene

perc of 25 ppm by volume. **Perc gas analyzer** – flame ionization detector, capable of detecting vapor concentrations of photoionization detector, or infrared analyzer

ppm – parts per million.

emissions from a vent, stack, or similar device. Process vent controls – devices used to control

than 180 days (such as a hotel room) occupied by the same person for a period of less people reside excluding short-term housing that is Residence – any dwelling or housing in which

gas-vapor stream is routed and the perc is vapor recovery system into which an air-perc condensed by cooling the gas-vapor stream. RC - refrigerated condenser - "chiller"

and drying are performed in different machines. (3) a dry-to-dry machine and reclaimer. washer and dryer, (2) a washer and reclaimer, or Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) a machine dry cleaning operation in which washing Transfer machine system - multiple-

barrier material that is impermeable to perc. a dry cleaning system and is constructed of vapor Vapor barrier enclosure – room that encloses

releases from dry cleaning facilities. (EPA) has set standards for the control of perc The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Perc is suspected of causing cancer in humans.

drained spent cartridge filters, still bottoms, or filter muck waste use of perc, not generation of perc related hazardous waste regulations. They are based on These emission standards are different from

exempt from these requirements. Coin-operated dry cleaning facilities are

Continuing R	Requirements	
Small Area Sources ^a	Large Area Sources ^a	Major Sources ^b
Consume less than (gallons perc/year):	Consume equal to or between (gallons perc/year):	Consume more than (gallons perchear):
140	140-2,100	2,100
200	200-1,800	1,800
140	140-1,800	1,800
None	RC ^c CA installed before September 22, does not have to be replaced by RC.	mber 22, 1993, can remain; it RC.
Closed loop, dry-to-dry machi	ne with RC°	Closed loop, dry-to-dry machine with RC ^c followed by CA ^c operated immediately before or as the door is opened
Sealed containers Leak detection/repair		Room enclosure ^d Sealed containers Leak detection/repair
No new transfer systems Sealed containers Leak detection/repair		
None	Meet parameters set for RC and CA	1 CA
Meet parameters set for RC an	ld CA	
Should already be in complian-	ce with these continuing requires	ments.
Should comply upon start up v	with these continuing requiremen	nts.
nstruction or reconstruction before action or reconstruction on or after	December 9, 1991 December 9, 1991	
	Consume less than (gallons perc/year): 140 200 140 Closed loop, dry-to-dry machi Closed loop, dry-to-dry machi Reak detection/repair Leak detection/repair None None Should already be in complian Should comply upon start up struction or reconstruction before ction or reconstruction on or after	Consume less than (gallons perc/year): 140 140 200 140 RCc does detection/repair detec

Area sources are permanently exempted from Title V permitting requirements. Perc dry cleaners using 360 gallons /yr require a permit from the Illinois EPA Bureau of Air. Note: You must apply for a construction/operating permit before usage reaches 360 gallons. Failure to get the required permits prior to solvent usage reaching 360 gallons or prior to installation of equipment may result in double fees plus fines and penalties. (All petroleum based cleaners are required to either have a permit or register under Registration of Smaller Sources (ROSS) program, regardless of solvent usage; operating without a permit may result in double fees plus fines and penalties.) More information concerning ROSS can be found online at www.ildceo.netlenviro.

b All major sources need Title V air permits.

c or equivalent control

d The room enclosure must be constructed of materials impermeable to perc, must be designed and operated to maintain a negative pressure at each opening while the dry cleaning machine is operating, and must exhaust to a carbon adsorber. The room enclosure must be vented to a separate carbon adsorber or equivalent device and not share a carbon adsorber in common with a dry cleaning machine.

e Please refer to the Regulatory Update in the front of this workbook for further information regarding controls and compliance.

Process Vent Controls Small Area Sources* (Small and Large)	6 Major Sources
By July 27, 2006, or immediately upon start up, whichever is later	start up, whichever is later.

on or after December 21, 2005

Constructed or reconstructed

Closed loop, dry-to-dry machine with RC* followed by CA* operated immediately before the door is opened

Closed loop, dry-to-dry machine with RC* followed by CA* operated immediately before the door is opened

Fugitive Controls:

By July 28, 2009

installed between December 9, 1991, and September 22, 1993.) Eliminate transfer machines. (The only exceptions are transfer machines that qualify as Small Area Sources and were

MONITORING:

BY JULY 27, 2006, OR IMMEDIATELY UPON START UP, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

temperature. Use a calorimetric detector tube or a perc gas analyzer to monitor CA. Monitor high pressure and low pressure on RC, when pressure gauges are available, rather than

If located in a building with a residence:

When your current perc machine wears out, you must not replace it with another perc machine

You must not install a perc machine, including relocating a used machine, after December 21, 2005

By July 27, 2006

If you did install a perc machine on or after December 21, 2005, but before July 13, 2006, you must meet these requirements:

- Operate the dry cleaning system inside a vapor barrier enclosure. Operate the exhaust system for the enclosure at all times the dry cleaning system is in operation and during maintenance. Ensure that the entry door to the enclosure is open only when a person is entering or exiting the enclosure.
- according to manufacturer's instructions. Route the air-perc gas-vapor stream through a RC and pass the air-perc gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning drum through a CA* immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened. Desorb
- Inspect for vapor leaks on a weekly basis using a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or a perc gas analyzer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. Place the probe at the surface where leakage could occur and move it slowly along the surface

By July 27, 2009

You must eliminate perc machines installed (including the relocation of a used machine) on or after December 21, 2005.

After December 21, 2020

You must eliminate perc machines installed before December 21, 2005

the end of their useful life at their **existing** location. However, these machines **cannot** be installed and operated at a **new** location. "Third generation" perc drycleaning machines (defined as a machine without a secondary control system) can be operated until

[°] or equivalent control device

Inspections for vapor leaks using a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or a perc gas analyzer always suffice for perceptible leak inspections Perceptible leaks – those you can see, feel, or smell. Inspections

Continuing Requirements	nts		
	Small Area Sources	Large Area Sources	Major Sources
Existing Facilities	Inspect biweekly for perceptible leaks. Repair leaks and maintain records.	Inspect weekly for perceptible leaks. Repair leaks and maintain records.	:ible leaks. Repair leaks
New Facilities	Inspect weekly for perceptible leaks. Repair leaks and maintain records.	uir leaks and maintain recor	is.
Requirements since July 27, 2006	y 27, 2006		
	Area Sources	Major Sources	ources
New Facilities By July 28, 2009, if installed before December 21, 2005.	Inspect weekly for perceptible leaks. Inspect for vapor leaks on a monthly basis using a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or a perc gas analyzer. Follow the	Inspect weekly for perceptible leaks. Inspect for vapor leaks on a monthly basis using a perc gas analyzer and operate it according to EPA Method 21. Repair leaks and maintain records.	rible leaks. Inspect for basis using a perc gas ording to EPA Method tain records.
By July 27, 2006, if installed on or after December 21, 2005.	manufacturer's instructions. Place the probe at the surface where leakage could occur and move it slowly along the surface. Repair leaks and maintain records.		

New Facilities – began construction or reconstruction on or after December 9, 1991 Existing Facilities – began construction or reconstruction before December 9, 1991

Compliance Steps Required of All Perc Dry Cleaners

Reporting

30 days after installation. Compliance Reports for Control Requirements were due by October 23, 1996, for existing machines. dry cleaner must submit an initial notification report and compliance reports. The initial notification report lets regulators Compliance Reports for Pollution Prevention were due on June 18, 1994, for existing machines. For new machines, they are due due 30 days after installation. Compliance reports let regulators know if you are meeting the requirements of this rule. Illinois perc dry cleaners must send reports to both the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and USEPA. Each perc For new machines, they are due 30 days after installation. know that you are affected by this rule. These were due on June 18, 1994, for existing machines. For new machines, they are

New Training Requirements

years, the operator must successfully complete a refresher course. seminars focusing on "best management practices" can be used to meet some of the initial training requirements. Once every 4 course that focuses on "best management practices". These training requirements were developed by the Illinois Drycleaner Environmental Response Trust Fund, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and industry representatives. Fund approved Effective January 1, 2014, all operators of perc drycleaning machines must have completed an initial environmental training

Other

copies of all waste manifests for the period of January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018 submit with the license application copies all hazardous waste manifests for waste transported from the facility for the previous The license renewal application will include a certification by the applicant that all hazardous waste stored at the drycleaning facility is stored and transported in accordance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. The drycleaner must 12 months. With the 2019 license renewal application, the Illinois Drycleaner Environmental Response Trust Fund is requesting

Whenever a new machine is installed new forms must be submitted within 30 days.

on-line go to: www.ildceo.net/enviro. Mailing addresses are given on the forms. Call the ILSBEAP 800/252-3998 for questions about reporting or for copies of reporting forms. To find available forms

Monitoring: Required monitoring must begin immediately for new installations and was required to begin November 23, 1996, for existing facilities.

1. Refrigerated Condenser (RC): Monitor weekly.

Measure the refrigeration system high pressure and low pressure during the drying phase to determine if they are in the range specified by the manufacturer's operating instructions.

If the machine is not equipped with refrigeration system pressure gauges, monitor temperature. Use the temperature sensor according to manufacturer's instructions.

Measure the temperature of the air-perc gas-vapor stream on the outlet side of the RC on a dry-to-dry machine, dryer, or reclaimer to determine if it is equal to or less than 7.2 °C (45 °F) before the end of the cool down or drying cycle while the gas-vapor stream is flowing through the condenser. The temperature sensor should be designed to measure a temperature of 7.2 °C (45 °F) to an accuracy of ± 1.1 °C (2°F).

Measure the inlet and outlet temperature of the RC on a washer. Calculate the difference. It must be greater than 11.1°C (20°F). The temperature sensor should be designed to measure at least a temperature range from 0°C (32°F) to 48.9 °C (120 °F) to an accuracy of ± 1.1 °C (2°F).

2. Carbon Adsorber (CA): Monitor weekly. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

If you use a CA instead of a RC or you use a supplemental CA and the exhaust passes through the **CA immediately upon door opening**, measure the concentration of perc in the exhaust of the CA. Use a colorimetric detector tube or perc gas analyzer that measures a concentration of 100 ppm by volume of perc in air to an accuracy of ±25 ppm

by volume. Take the measurement while the dry cleaning machine is venting to the CA at the end of the last dry cleaning cycle prior to desorption of the CA or removal of the activated carbon. The perc concentration needs to be less than or equal to 100 ppm.

A sampling port for monitoring within the exhaust outlet of the CA must be provided in a place that is easily accessible; located at least eight times the diameter of the stack or duct downstream from any flow disturbance (bend, expansion, contraction, or outlet); not downstream from any other inlet; and two times the diameters of the stack or duct upstream from any flow disturbance.

If you use a supplemental CA and the air-perc gas-vapor stream passes through the CA **before the machine door is opened**, measure the concentration of perc in the dry cleaning machine drum at the end of the dry cleaning cycle. Use a colorimetric detector tube or perc gas analyzer that measures a concentration of 300 ppm by volume of perc in air to an accuracy of ±75 ppm by volume. Place the tube or analyzer into the open space at the rear end of the drum immediately after door opening. The perc concentration needs to be less than or equal to 300 ppm.

If required monitoring detects values that do not meet the parameters set in the standard, make adjustments or repairs to the dry cleaning system or control device to meet those values. If repair parts are needed, make a written or verbal order within two working days of detecting the value. Install repair parts within five working days after receipt.

Inspection Requirements:

Inspection requirements dictate that dry cleaners inspect the following components for leaks while the dry cleaning system is operating.

- Hose and pipe connections, fittings, couplings, and valves;
- 2. Door gaskets and seatings;
- 3. Filter gaskets and seatings:
- 4. Pumps;
- 5. Solvent tanks and containers;
- Water separators;

- 7. Muck cookers;
- 8. Stills;
- 9. Exhaust dampers;
- 10. Diverter valves; and
- 11. All filter housings.

Repair all leaks detected during inspections within 24 hours. If repair parts are needed, make a written or verbal order within 2 working days of detecting the leak. Install repair parts within 5 working days after receipt.

Inspect for leaks while the dry cleaning system is operating

Other Requirements for All Perc Dry Cleaning Facilities*:

Fugitive Controls

- Use solvent tanks or containers to store all perc and perc related waste. Ensure that these tanks and containers are closed so that they have no perceptible leaks. Except that you may leave containers for separator water uncovered if it is necessary for proper operation of your machine and still.
- Drain all cartridge filters in their housing, or other sealed container, for a minimum of 24 hours (or treat such filter in an equivalent manner) before removal from the dry cleaning plant.

Operation/Maintenance

- Close the door of each dry cleaning machine immediately after transferring articles to or from the machine; keep the door closed at all other times.
- Operate and maintain dry cleaning systems according to manufacturer's specifications and recommendations.
- Operate each RC to not vent or release the air-perc gas-vapor stream contained within the dry cleaning machine to the atmosphere while the dry cleaning drum is rotating. The air-perc vapor should be recirculating back through the machine without venting to the atmosphere (closed loop).
- Operate each RC to prevent air drawn into the dry cleaning machine when the door of the machine is open from passing through the RC.
- Do not bypass a CA at any time.
- Desorb each CA according to manufacturer's instructions.

Records

Retain on site a copy of the design specifications and the operating manuals for each dry cleaning system and each emission control device located at your facility.

Keep receipts of perc purchases and a log of the following information, maintain such information on site, and show it upon request for a period of five years:

- 1. Volume of perc purchased each month.
- 2. Calculation and result of the yearly perc consumption as shown. Perform the following calculation on the first day of every month:
- a) Sum the volume of all perc purchases made in each of the previous 12 months
- b) If no perc purchases were made in a given month, then the perc consumption for that month is 0 gallons.
- c) The total sum calculated is the yearly perc consumption at the facility.
- 3. Dates when the dry cleaning system components are inspected for leaks, as specified, and the name or location of dry cleaning system components where leaks are detected.
- 4. Dates of repair and records of written or verbal orders for repair parts.
- 5. Date and high and low pressure or temperature sensor monitoring results of RC, if required.
- 6. Date and colorimetric detector tube or perc gas analyzer monitoring results of CA, if required.

Illinois Permits:

emissions; operations without a permit or under ROSS program, may result in double fees plus fines and Registration of Smaller Sources (ROSS) program or have a permit depending on amount of solvent usage or the required permits prior to solvent usage reaching 360 gallons or installation of equipment may result in penalties.) double fees plus fines and penalties. (All petroleum based cleaners are required to register with the EPA Bureau of Air, you must apply for a construction/operating permit before using 360 gallons. Failure to get If you are a perc dry cleaner and nearing the 360 gallon/yr threshold which requires a permit from the Illinois

http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/dryperc/dryclpg.html . find this rule on-line or to find other information concerning this rule go to: Call the ILSBEAP at 800-252-3998 if you have questions or would like a copy of this emission standard. To

^{*} Please refer to the Regulatory Update in the front of this workbook for further information regarding controls and compliance